14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center Western Express Highway Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063, India Telephone: +91 (22) 6257 1000 Fax: +91 (22) 6257 1010

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Citystar Infraprojects Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2025, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its loss and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's directors' report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/ loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for

Registered Office:

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing, Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai - 400063

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Citystar Infraprojects Limited

safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Citystar Infraprojects Limited

safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2 A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matter stated in the paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2025 and 01 April 2025 ttaken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. the modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the 2(A)(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2B(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - d (i) The management has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the Note 25(a) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (ii) The management has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the Note 25(b) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Citystar Infraprojects Limited

indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.
- e. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- f. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account, have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software except that the feature of audit trail was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for accounting software used for maintaining general ledger from 1 April 2024 to 12 March 2025. Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year for the accounting software, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated in the previous year, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For **B S R & Co. LLP** Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Place: Mumbai Date: 30 April 2025 Viren Soni Partner Membership No.: 117694 ICAI UDIN:25117694BMMJUB7383

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (i) (a) (A) The Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (i)
 (a) (A) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (i) (a) (B) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (i) (b) The Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, Clause (i) (b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company does not have any immovable property. Accordingly, clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) The company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company inventory includes construction work in progress. Accordingly the requirements under paragraph 3(ii) (a) of the Order is not applicable for construction work in progress.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security and therefore the relevant provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the activities carried out by the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion, the undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Income-Tax, or other statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Continued)

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Income-Tax, or other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans and borrowing or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2025. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.
 - (f) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures (as defined under the Act) during the period ended 31 March 2024. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) Based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have a vigil mechanism and is not required to have a vigil mechanism as per the Act or SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Continued)

- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an Internal Audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act.
 - (b) In our opinion and based on the information and explanations provided to us, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have more than one CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs 748.16 thousands in the current financial year and Rs 655.76 thousands in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 are not applicable to the

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Continued)

Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For **B S R & Co. LLP**

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

> Viren Soni Partner Membership No.: 117694 ICAI UDIN:25117694BMMJUB7383

Place: Mumbai Date: 30 April 2025

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements of Citystar Infraprojects Limited for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Continued)

statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For **B S R & Co. LLP** Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Viren Soni Partner Membership No.: 117694 ICAI UDIN:25117694BMMJUB7383

Place: Mumbai Date: 30 April 2025

Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2025

ASSETS Non-Current Assets Financial Assets Other Non-Current Financial Assets 2 Deferred Tax Assets 3 Total Non-Current Assets Current Assets Noventories 4	10.00 - 10.00 3,519.65 106.24	- - - 3,519.65
cinancial Assets 2 Other Non-Current Financial Assets 2 Deferred Tax Assets 3 Cotal Non-Current Assets 3 Current Assets 4	<u> </u>	- - - 3,519.65
Other Non-Current Financial Assets 2 Deferred Tax Assets 3 Total Non-Current Assets 3 Current Assets 3 Inventories 4	<u> </u>	- - - 3,519.65
Deferred Tax Assets 3 Total Non-Current Assets 3 Current Assets 4	<u> </u>	- - - 3,519.65
Fotal Non-Current Assets Current Assets Current Assets 4	3,519.65	
Current Assets nventories 4	3,519.65	- 3,519.65
nventories 4		3,519.65
		3,519.65
No	106.24	
inancial Assets	106.24	
Cash and Cash Equivalents 5	100.24	168.88
Other Current Financial Assets 6		10.00
Other Current Assets 7	20.00	32.00
otal Current Assets	3,645.89	3,730.53
OTAL ASSETS	3,655.89	3,730.53
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
EQUITY		
Equity Share Capital 8	500.00	500.00
Other Equity	(3,950.11)	(3,201.95)
otal Equity	(3,450.11)	(2,701.95)
IABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities		
Borrowings 9	6,533.21	5.921.49
Trade Payables 10	-,	-,
Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises(refer Note 24)		-
Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small		
Enterprises	92.49	84.87
Other Current Financial Liabilities 11	462.92	411.71
Other Current Liabilities 12	17.38	14.41
otal Current Liabilities	7,106.00	6,432.48
otal Liabilities	7,106.00	6,432.48
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	3,655.89	3,730.53
Summary of Material Accounting Policies 1		

The accompanying notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Viren Soni Partner Membership No: 117694 Mumbai April 30, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Citystar Infraprojects Limited CIN: U45400WB2008PLC122810

CIN: 045400WB2008PLC12

Subhasish Pattanaik

Director DIN: 08430150 Mumbai April 30, 2025 Deependra Vikram Singh Director DIN: 08566516 Mumbai April 30, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Statement of Profit and Loss

For the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
INCOME			
Other Income		-	-
Total Income		-	-
EXPENSES			
Changes in inventories of finished goods and construction work-in-progress	13	-	-
Finance Costs	14	514.37	457.46
Other Expenses	15	233.79	198.30
Total Expenses		748.16	655.76
Loss before Tax		(748.16)	(655.76)
Tax Expense Charge			
Current Tax	3(a)	-	-
Deferred Tax	3(b)	-	-
Total Tax Expense		-	-
Loss for the Year		(748.16)	(655.76)
Other Comprehensive Loss			
Other Comprehensive Loss for the Year (Net of Tax)		-	-
Total Comprehensive Loss for the Year		(748.16)	(655.76)
Earnings Per Equity Share (Amount in INR)			
Basic	16	(1.50)	(1.31)
Diluted	16	(1.50)	(1.31)
Summary of Material Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Membership No: 117694

Viren Soni

Partner

Mumbai April 30, 2025

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Citystar Infraprojects Limited CIN: U45400WB2008PLC122810

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Deependra Vikram Singh
Director
DIN: 08566516
Mumbai
April 30, 2025

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2025	(Currency in INR Thousands)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Loss before Tax	(748.16)	(655.76)
Adjustment for:		
Finance costs	514.37	457.46
Operating (loss) before working capital changes	(233.79)	(198.30)
Changes in Working Capital:		
Increase in Non-financial Liabilities	2.97	5.82
Increase in Financial Liabilities	7.62	113.08
Increase/(Decrease) in Non-Financial Assets	12.00	(32.00)
	22.59	86.90
Taxes Paid (Net)	-	-
Net cash flows (used in) operating activities	(211.20)	(111.40)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Net cash flows generated in investing activities	· · ·	-
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	200.00	724.11
Interest paid	(51.44)	(457.46)
Net cash flows generated from financing activities	148.56	266.65
Net increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(62.64)	155.25
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Opening Balance	168.88	13.63
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Closing Balance	106.24	168.88

Notes :

(a) The above Cash Flows from operating activities has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) -7 "Statement of Cash Flows" prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2015 under the Companies Act 2013

(b) Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents as per the Statement of Cash Flows. Cash and Cash Equivalents as per the above comprise of the following :

Particulars	As At March 31, 2025	As At March 31, 2024
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer Note 5)	106.24	168.88
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per the Statement of Cash Flows	106.24	168.88

(c) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes:

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities				
Particulars	As At April 01, 2024	Changes as per the Statement of Cash Flows	Accrued Interest on Loan	As At March 31, 2025
Short-term borrowings	5,921.49	200.00	411.71	6,533.21

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities				
Particulars	As At April 01, 2023	Changes as per the Statement of Cash Flows	Accrued Interest on Loan	As At March 31, 2024
Short-term borrowings	5,521.50	400.00	324.11	5,921.49

(d) The outstanding interest on borrowing as at every year end is converted into loan as on first day of next financial year

The accompanying notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Citystar Infraprojects Limited CIN: U45400WB2008PLC122810

Viren Soni	Subhasish Pattanaik	Deependra Vikram Singh
Partner	Director	Director
Membership No: 117694	DIN: 08430150	DIN: 08566516
Mumbai	Mumbai	Mumbai
April 30, 2025	April 30, 2025	April 30, 2025

Statement of Changes in Equity

as at March 31, 2025

a) Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As At March 31, 2025	
Balance at the beginning of the year Changes in equity share capital during the year	500.00 -	500.00 -
Balance at the end of the year (Refer Note 8)	500.00	500.00

b) Other Equity

	Reserves & Surplus	
Particulars	Retained Earnings (Refer Note (a) below)	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2023 Total Comprehensive Income:	(2,546.19)	(2,546.19)
i) Loss for the Year	(655.76)	(655.76)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(3,201.95)	(3,201.95)
Balance as at April 01, 2024	(3,201.95)	(3,201.95)
Total Comprehensive Income:		
i) Loss for the Year	(748.16)	(748.16)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	(3,950.11)	(3,950.11)

The accompanying notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

(a) Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till the balance sheet date, less any transfers to general reserve, debenture redemption reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

The accompanying notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of the Financial Statements. As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Viren Soni

Partner Membership No: 117694 Mumbai April 30, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Citystar Infraprojects Limited CIN: U45400WB2008PLC122810

Deependra Vikram Singh

Director DIN: 08430150 Mumbai April 30, 2025 Director DIN: 08566516 Mumbai April 30, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1

I. Company Overview

Citystar Infraprojects Limited ("the Company") having CIN number U45400WB2008PLC122810 is engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. The Company is a public limited company incorporated on February 19, 2008 and domiciled in India having its registered office at Godrej Waterside, Tower – II, Unit no. 109, D.P. 5 Sector – V, Salt Lake, Kolkata – 700091, West Bengal.

II. Basis of preparation and measurement

a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the relevant provisions and amendments, as applicable.

These financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025 were authorised for issue by the company's Board of Directors on 30 April 2025.

b) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is also the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousands, unless otherwise stated.

c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except certain financial instruments measured at fair value.

d) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the use of estimates, judgements and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Management believes that the estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

II. Basis of preparation and measurement (Continued)

d) Use of Estimates and Judgements (Continued)

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

• Evaluation of Net realisable Value of Inventories

Inventories comprising of construction-work-in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Net Realisable value is based upon the estimates of the management. The effect of changes, if any, to the estimates is recognised in the financial statements for the period in which such changes are determined.

e) Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

f) Operating cycle

All assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle of 12 months which is based on the nature of business of the Company. Current Assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realised within 1 year and Current Liabilities do not include items which are due after 1 year, the period of 1 year being reckoned from the reporting date.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

II. Basis of preparation and measurement (Continued)

g) Going Concern

The Company has been incorporated for a proposed project, the project being in various stages of evaluation. The Company is incorporated to enable investments as and when definitive agreements for projects are executed, and hence during the initial years, whilst the project feasibility analysis is in process, the Company incurs losses in relation to the compliance and establishment costs as per applicable laws. The Company has incurred a loss after tax of Rs. 748.16 thousand during the current year, incurred losses during the previous years and has resultant accumulated losses of Rs. 3,950.11 thousand as at 31 March 2025. Also, the Company's current liabilities have exceeded its current assets by INR 3,201.95 thousand as at 31 March 2025. Based on the financial support extended by parent company Godrej Properties Limited (GPL), management believes that the Company will continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future, realise its assets and meet all its liabilities as they fall due for payment, in the normal course of business. In case of any fund requirement to meet expenditures of the Company, the shareholders shall fund/arrange fund in form of Equity/Loan.

Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or to amounts and classification of liabilities that may be necessary if the entity is unable to continue as a going concern.

III. Material Accounting Policies

a) Financial instruments

I. Financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

a) Financial instruments (Continued)

I. Financial assets (Continued)

Initial recognition and measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they originate.

The Company recognizes financial assets (other than trade receivables and debt securities) when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, the financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss
- Equity investments

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

a) Financial instruments (Continued)

I. Financial assets (Continued)

Equity investments

All equity investments other than investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI). There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the statement of profit and loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised when:

- (a) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- (b) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (c) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Company applies 'simplified approach' measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime Expected Credit Loss at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

a) Financial instruments (Continued)

II. Financial Liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to loans and borrowings.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

III. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle them on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

IV. Share Capital

Ordinary equity shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary equity shares, are recognised as a deduction from equity.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

b) Inventories

Inventories are valued as under:

a) Construction Work-in-Progress - At Lower of Cost and Net realizable value.

Cost is determined based on a weighted average basis.

Construction Work-in-Progress includes cost of land, premium for development rights, construction costs, allocated interest and expenses incidental to the projects undertaken by the Company.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The inventory of construction work-in- progress is not written down below cost if flats /properties are expected to be sold at or above cost.

c) Revenue Recognition

Sale of Real Estate Developments

The Company recognises revenue when it determines the satisfaction of performance obligations at a point in time. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products to customer in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products.

In arrangements for sale of units the Company has applied the guidance in Ind AS 115, Revenue from contract with customer, by applying the revenue recognition criteria for each distinct performance obligation. The arrangements with customers generally meet the criteria for considering sale of units as distinct performance obligations. For allocating the transaction price, the Company has measured the revenue in respect of each performance obligation of a contract at its relative selling price. The price that is regularly charged for an item when sold separately is the best evidence of its selling price. The transaction price is also adjusted for the effects of the time value of money if the contract includes a significant financing component. Any consideration payable to the customer is adjusted to the transaction price, unless it is a payment for a distinct product or service from the customer.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Contract liabilities are recognised when there is billing in excess of revenue and advance received from customers.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

d) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent there is convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

d) Income tax (Continued)

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

MAT credit is recognised as a deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is a convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax during specified period. MAT credit is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

f) Earnings per share

This Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders as adjusted interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares. If potential equity shares converted into equity shares increases the earnings per share, then they are treated as anti-dilutive and anti-dilutive earning per share is computed.

Notes forming part of financial Statements (Continued)

for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Note 1 (Continued)

III. Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

g) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are discounted to their present value at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value if money and the risks specific to the liability and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost

h) New Standards or other amendments issued but not yet effective:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the period ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS -117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 – Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) as at March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

10.00 10.00

2 Other Non-Current Financial Assets

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good		
To parties other than related parties		
Others (includes settlement proceed)	10.00	-
	10.00	-

3 Deferred Tax Assets and Tax Expense

a) Unrecognised Deferred Tax Asset

	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
Particulars	Gross Loss	Unrecognised tax effect	Gross Loss	Unrecognise d tax effect
Business Losses	3,483.33	876.68	2,810.42	707.38

Deferred Tax Assets have not been recognised in respect of above items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the company can use the benefits therefrom.

b) Tax Losses Carried forward

Particulars	Expiry	March 31, 2025 Gross Loss	March 31, 2024 Gross Loss
Business Loss	2025-26	-	103.49
	2026-27	119.57	119.57
	2027-28	137.43	137.43
	2028-29	431.92	431.92
	2029-30	444.52	444.52
	2030-31	454.63	454.63
	2031-32	491.35	491.35
	2032-33	655.75	627.51
	2033-34	748.16	-

c) Movement in Deferred Tax Balance

The Company does not have any current tax or deferred tax adjustment in the current year and the previous year.

d) Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(Loss) Before Tax	(748.16)	(655.76)
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate of 25.168% (Previous Year: 25.168%)	(188.31)	(165.05)
Tax effect of:		
Unrecognised Deferred Tax Asset	188.31	165.05
Tax expense recognised	-	-
4 Inventories (Valued at lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Construction Work in Progress(Refer Note13)	3,519.65	3,519.65
	3,519.65	3,519.65
5 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balances With Banks		
In Current Accounts	106.24	168.88
	106.24	168.88
6 Other Current Financial Assets		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good		

7 Other Current Assets

Deposits - Others

To parties other than related parties

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Unsecured, Considered Good To parties other than related parties		
Advance to Suppliers and Contractors	20.00	32.00
	20.00	32.00

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) as at March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

8 Equity Share Capital

Parti	culars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
a)	Authorised :		
	500,000 Equity Share of INR 1/- each (Previous Year 500,000 Equity Share of INR 1/- each)	500.00	500.00
b)	Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up:		
	500,000 Equity Share of INR 1/- each (Previous Year 500,000 Equity Share of INR 1/- each)	500.00	500.00
		500.00	500.00

c) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :

	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
Particulars	No. of Shares	(Currency in INR Thousands)	No. of Shares	(Currency in INR Thousands)
Equity Shares :				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	5,00,000	500.00	5,00,000	500.00
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	5,00,000	500.00	5,00,000	500.00

d) Shareholding Information

	March 31	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
Particulars	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%	
Equity Shares are held by:					
Godrej Properties Limited (Holding Company) and Nominee Shareholders	4,93,000	98.60%	5,00,000	100.00%	
Godrej Genesis Facilities Management Pvt. Ltd.	1,000	0.20%	-	-	
Godrej Green Properties LLP	1,000	0.20%	-	-	
Godrej Prakriti Facilities Private Limited	1,000	0.20%	-	-	
Godrej Skyview LLP	1,000	0.20%	-	-	
Godrej Projects Development Limited	1,000	0.20%	-	-	
Prakritiplaza Facilities Management Pvt. Ltd.	2,000	0.40%	-	-	

e) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 1/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

f) Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Equity Shares				
Godrej Properties Limited (Holding Company) and Nominee Shareholders	5,00,000	100.00%	5,00,000	100.00%

g) Equity Shares allotted as fully paid-up without payment being received in cash

The Company has not allotted any equity shares as fully paid-up without payment being received in cash in preceding five years.

h) Promoters Shareholding

Equity Promoters

Shares held by Promoters at the end of the March 31, 2025				% change during
Sr. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares	the year
1	Godrej Properties Limited (Holding Company) and Nominee Shareholders	5,00,000.00	100.00%	0.00%
	Shares held by Promoters at the end of the March 31, 2024			% change during
Sr. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares	the year

5,00,000.00

100.00%

0.00%

1 Godrej Properties Limited (Holding Company) and Nominee Shareholders

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) as at March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Other Equity

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Other Equity	(3,950.11)	(3,201.95)
	(3,950.11)	(3,201.95)

9 Borrowings (Current)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Unsecured Loans		
From Others		
Borrowings - Current - Other Loans - Related Party	6,533.21	5,921.49
	6,533.21	5,921.49

(a) Unsecured Loan taken from related party bearing interest at the rate of 8% p.a.(Previous Year 8% p.a.)

(b) Citystar Infraprojects Limited shall repay all amounts outstanding under the loan along with interest accrued thereof at such time and place as will be designated by Godrej Properties Ltd.

(c) The outstanding interest on borrowing as at every year end is converted into loan as on first day of next financial year

10 Trade Payables

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-
Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	92.49	84.87
	92.49	84.87

(a) Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

		Outstanding f				
irticulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	92.49	-	-	-	-	92.49
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	92.49	-	-	-	-	92.49

Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2024

		Outstanding f	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Others	84.87	-	-	-	-	84.87	
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	84.87	-	-	-	-	84.87	

11 Other Current Financial Liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Other Liabilities (Interest accrued on borrowing from related party)	462.92	411.71
	462.92	411.71

12 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Statutory Dues(Tax deducted at source)	17.38	14.41
	17.38	14.41

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) For the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

13 Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods and Construction Work-in-Progress

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Construction Work-in-Progress	3,519.65	3,519.65
	3,519.65	3,519.65
Inventories at the end of the year		
Construction Work-in-Progress	3,519.65	3,519.65
	3,519.65	3,519.65
Less : Transferred to Investment Property and Capital Work-in-Progress	-	-

14 Finance Costs

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest Expense	514.37	457.46
Total Finance Costs	514.37	457.46

15 Other Expenses

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Consultancy Charges	139.87	110.25
Audit Fees* (Refer Note 22)	76.05	68.15
Rates and Taxes	2.90	2.50
Other Expenses	14.96	17.40
	233.78	198.30

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) For the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

16 EARNINGS PER SHARE

a) Basic Earnings Per Share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

	Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(i)	Profit / (Loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders (basic)		
	Profit / (Loss) for the year, attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	(748.16)	(655.76)
		(748.16)	(655.76)
(ii)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)		
	Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	5,00,000	5,00,000
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	5,00,000	5,00,000
	Basic Earnings Per Share (INR) (Face value INR 1 each) (Previous year: INR 1 each)	(1.50)	(1.31)

17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		Carrying amoun	t	Fair value			
March 31, 2025	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets							
Current							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	106.24	106.24	-	-	-	-
	-	106.24	106.24	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities							
Current							
Borrowings	-	6,533.21	6,533.21	-	-	6,533.21	6,533.21
Trade Payables	-	92.49	92.49	-	-	-	-
	-	7,088.63	7,088.63	-	-	6,533.21	6,533.21

17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continuing)

		Carrying amour	nt	Fair value			
March 31, 2024	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets							
Current							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	168.88	168.88	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	-	10.00	10.00	-	-	-	-
	-	178.88	178.88	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities							
Current							
Borrowings	-	5,921.49	5,921.49	-	-	5,921.49	5,921.49
Trade Payables	-	84.87	84.87	-	-	-	-
	-	6,418.07	6,418.07	-	-	5,921.49	5,921.49

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

(Currency in INR Thousands)

For the year ended March 31, 2025

b) Risk Management Framework

The Company's Board of Directors have overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors have established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The management is assisted in its oversight role by Holding Company's internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the management.

c) Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- (i) Credit Risk
- (ii) Liquidity Risk
- (iii) Market Risk.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The company doesn't have any receivables as at year end.

Cash and Bank balances

Credit risk from cash and bank balances is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. This monitoring includes financial ratios and takes into account the accessibility of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company does not have any derivative financial liabilities. The Company however invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposits.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date:

March 31, 2025	Carrying		Contractual cash flows				
	Amount	Total	Within 12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	
Financial Liabilities							
Borrowings	6,533.21	6,533.21	6,533.21	-	-	-	
Trade Payables	92.49	92.49	92.49	-	-	-	
Other Current Financial Liabilities	462.93	462.93	462.93	-	-	-	

	Carrying	Contractual cash flows				
March 31, 2024	Amount	Total	Within 12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Financial Liabilities						
Current						
Borrowings	5,921.49	5,921.49	5,921.49	-	-	-
Trade Payables	84.87	84.87	84.87	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Liabilities	411.71	411.71	411.71	-	-	-

For liquidity risk management in relation to current financial liabilities, the Company has financial support from its shareholders.

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2025

17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continuing)

(iii) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rate and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

a) Currency Risk

Currency risk is not material, as the Company's primary business activities are within India and does not have significant exposure in foreign currency.

b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The management is responsible for the monitoring of the Company's interest rate position. Various variables are considered by the management in structuring the Company's borrowings to achieve a reasonable, competitive cost of funding.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management is as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Financial liabilities		
Fixed rate instruments	6,533.21	5,921.49
	6,533.21	5,921.49

c) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

18 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Board of Directors seek to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages by a sound capital position.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'Net Debt to Equity'. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total borrowings (including interest accrued) less cash and bank balances and other current investments.

The Company's net debt to equity ratio is as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Short Term Borrowings	6,533.21	5,921.49
Other Current Financial Liabilities	462.92	411.71
Gross Debt	6,996.13	6,333.20
Less - Cash and Cash Equivalents	106.24	168.88
Net debt	6,889.89	6,164.32
Total equity	(3,450.11)	(2,701.96)
Net debt to Equity ratio	(2.00)	(2.28)

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2025

19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

1. Relationships:

- i) Holding Company:
 - 1 Godrej Properties Ltd
- ii) Key Management Personnel and their Relatives :
 - 1 Anand Kheria
 - 2 Subhasish Pattanaik w.e.f 21.08.2023
 - 3 Pranav Rajendra Mehta from 21.08.2023 till 20.01.2025
 - 4 Deependra Vikram Singh w.e.f 20.02.2025
 - 5 Amandeep Singh till 21.08.2023
 - 6 Ajay Banchhod till 21.08.2023

2 The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business.

(i) Details relating to parties referred to above

Nature of Transaction	Godrej Properties Ltd.		Total
Loans and Advances given / (taken)			
Current Year	200.00	-	200.00
Previous Year	(400.00)	-	(400.00)
Interest Expenses			
Current Year	514.37	-	514.37
Previous Year	457.46	-	457.46
Balance Outstanding			
Amount Payable			
As at March 31, 2025	6,533.21	-	6533.21
As at March 31, 2024	5,921.49	-	5921.49
Interest Payable			
As at March 31, 2025	462.93	-	462.93
As at March 31, 2024	411.71	-	411.71

3 Significant Related Party Disclosure

Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Loans and Advances given / (taken) #		
Godrej Properties Ltd	(200.00)	(400.00)

(Currency in INR Thousands)

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) For the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

20 RATIO ANALYSIS

Sr. No.	Ratio	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	Change %	Reason for more than 25% change
1	Current Ratio	0.51	0.58	-11.29%	Movement less than 25%
2	Debt-Equity Ratio (Gross)	(1.86)	(2.13)	-12.50%	Movement less than 25%
3	Debt-Equity Ratio (Net)	(2.00)	(2.28)	-12.47%	Movement less than 25%
4	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	(0.45)	(0.43)	4.85%	Movement less than 25%
5	Return on Equity Ratio	-24%	-28%	-11.94%	Movement less than 25%
6	Return on Capital Employed	-7%	-6%	25.23%	Higher Loss during the year resulted in lower ratio

(a) Formulae for computation of ratios are as follows: (Continued)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Formula
1	Current Ratio	Current Assets
		Current Liabilities
2		Total Debt {Current Borrowings + Non-Current Borrowings}
	Debt-Equity Ratio (Gross)	Shareholder's Equity {Total Equity}
3	Debt-Equity Ratio (Net)	Total Debt {Current Borrowings + Non-Current Borrowings} - Cash and Cash Equivalents - Bank Balances other than above - Deposit With Banks (Other Non-Current Non Financial Assets) - Investments {Current}
		Shareholder's Equity {Total Equity}
4	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service {Profit/(loss) before tax + Finance cost + Finance cost included in Cost of Sales + Depreciation and amortisation expense}
	Debi Gerrice Goverage Ralio	Finance Cost (excludes interest accounted on customer advance as per EIR Principal) + Principal Payment due to Non-Current Borrowing repayable within one year
5		Profit/(loss) for the year
Ũ	Return on Equity Ratio	Average Shareholder's Equity {Total Equity}
6	Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before Interest and Tax {Profit / (Loss) before tax + Finance cost + Finance cost included in Cost of Sales+Depreciation}
		Average Capital Employed {Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability (net of Deferred Tax Assets)}

21 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Company does not have any contingent liability and capital commitments

22 Payment to Auditors (net of taxes)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Audit Fees	76.05	68.15
Total	76.05	68.15

23 SEGMENT REPORTING

A. Basis of Segmentation

Factors used to identify the entity's reportable segments, including the basis of organisation

For management purposes, the Company has only one reportable segment namely, Development of real estate property. The Board of Director of the Company acts as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators.

B. Geographical Information

The geographic information analyses the Company's revenue and Non-Current Assets by the Company's country of domicile and other countries. As the Company is engaged in Development of Real Estate property in India, it has only one reportable geographical segment.

C. Information about major customers

None of the customers for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 constituted 10% or more of the total revenue of company

Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements (Continued) For the year ended March 31, 2025

(Currency in INR Thousands)

24 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE TO MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES :

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year;	-	-
(b) The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year;	-	-
(c) The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year		-
(d) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006;		-
(e) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year	-	-
(f) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	-	-

Disclosure of outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise under Trade Payables is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of the suppliers as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

25 OTHER MATTERS

a) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) any funds other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts , that have been to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities

("Intermediaries"), with the understanding , whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall:

-directly or indirectly lend or invest on other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or -provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

b) The company has not received any funds from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding,

whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:

-directly or indirectly lend or invest on other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding party or

-provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

26 OTHER DISCLOSURES UNDER SCHEDULE III

Other requirements of Schedule III which has not been disclosed here are either Nil or not applicable and hence not disclosed. As per our report of even date.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Viren Soni
Partner
Membership No: 117694
Mumbai
April 30, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Citystar Infraprojects Limited CIN: U45400WB2008PLC122810

Subhasish Pattanaik

Director DIN: 08430150 Mumbai April 30, 2025

Deependra Vikram Singh

Director DIN: 08566516 Mumbai April 30, 2025